

## CHAPTER 5

### CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 5.1 Conclusion

Based on the results of the thesis research entitled Development of the Armour Corps Posture of the Indonesian National Army Facing Modern War , there are several conclusions related to the research problem, as follows:

- a. Posture development that has been carried out based on MEF policy is carried out through strength building including: Formation of new satkav, procurement of defense equipment and armored personnel carriers, tanks and armored personnel carriers, as well as construction of new satkav base facilities. Capacity building includes training of defense equipment crew personnel with human resource preparation for language courses, training in automotive, weapons and communications, implementation of mobile training teams, as well as implementation of inter-branch training following the top unit program. The current development of the deployment is 36 satkavs. In several years, new satkavs have been established in several regions of Indonesia
- b. Obstacles and deficiencies encountered include Strength Development Obstacles including security units divided according to the availability of defense equipment, military equipment requiring modernization, lack of training facility infrastructure. Obstacles to Capacity Building include the quality of human resources requiring adaptation, lack of inter-branch operational capabilities, lack of training facilities hampering the implementation of military training. The obstacles to the development of unit deployments currently in place are varied and not ideal.
- c. The strategy applied in the development of the Armour Corps Posture of the Indonesian National Army, the Army Facing Modern War Aimed at ( *Ends* ) Improving the Quality & Quantity of the TNI-

AD's Armour Corps Posture including developing independent cavalry technology, gaining access to new technology and resources and increasing readiness and capabilities through the exchange of experience. The means ( *Means* ) used are utilizing the role that Pussenkav has with Army Headquarters and the Indonesian Ministry of Defense through the framework of utilizing collaboration with industry and technological resources, using diplomatic networks and cooperation with partner countries and using training and collaboration resources with international partners. . Ways : Form a partnership with *the* domestic defense industry to develop more independent cavalry technology. Actively establishing international cooperation to gain access to new technology, resources and training as well as Evaluation and Study of Cavalry Deployments in developed and modern countries.

## 5.2 Recommendations

Based on research results on the Development of Posture for the Armour Corps of the Indonesian National Army, the Army Facing Modern War, there are several things that can be done:

For the Ministry of Defense:

1. Optimizing Indhan's role in meeting the TNI's defense equipment needs, including the Armour Corps

For TNI - AD :

1. Developing inter-branch training programs within the ranks of the TNI – AD

For Pussenkav

1. Submitting a proposal to modernize the defense equipment of the TNI – AD Cavalry Satkav using and utilizing Indhan's capabilities
2. TNI – AD Armour Corps personnel continue to receive the latest training in the latest tactics and technology.
3. Evaluate organizational forms and deployment to suit the challenges of modern warfare